

Energy renovation The Trump Card for the New Start for Europe



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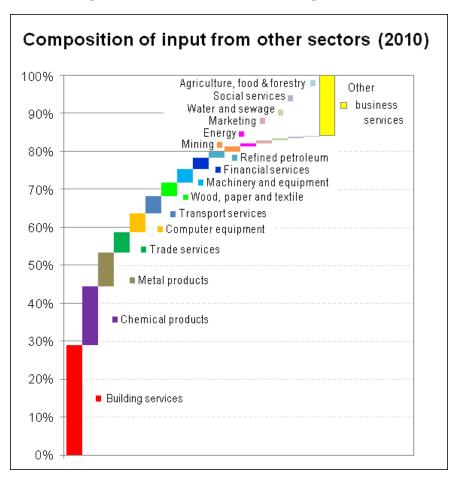
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Serving society
Stimulating innovation
Supporting legislation



Quand le bâtiment va, tout va!*

"The health of the economy is tied to the activity in the building sector"



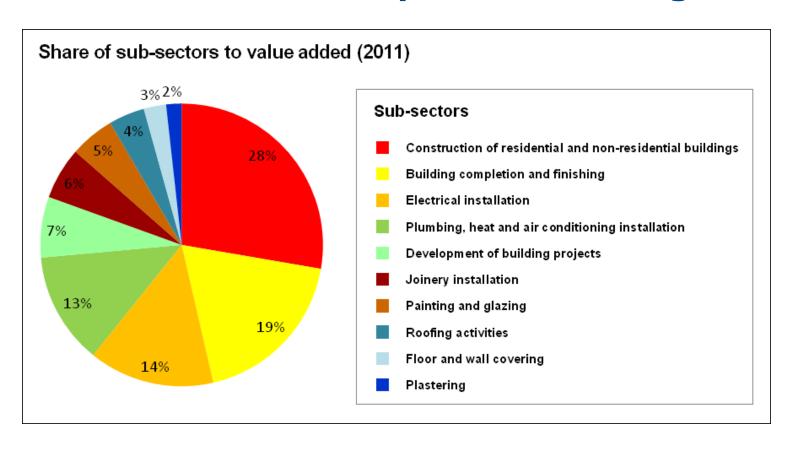


Specialised construction activities that include renovation work and energy retrofits <u>add</u> almost twice value than the construction of new buildings and <u>employ</u> three times more people than the supply of energy for the same value added

2011/ EU 28	Value added (EUR billion)	Share of the value added of the non-financial business economy	Number of persons employed (million)	Share of employment in the non-financial business economy
Total construction Construction of	501	8%	-	
buildings	144	2.36%	3.66	2.8
Specialised construction activities	283	4.65%	7.84	6%
Total building sector	427	7%	11.5	8.8%
Energy supply to buildings	215	3.53%	2.13	1.63%

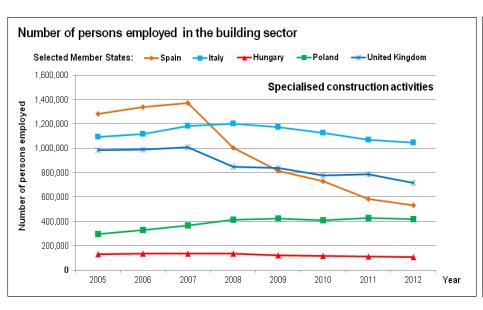


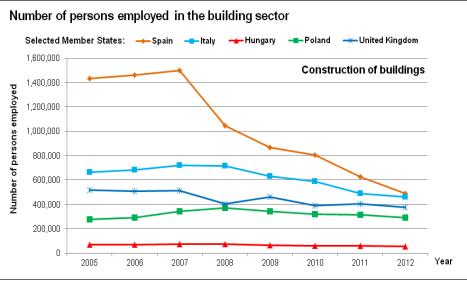
60% of the value added is generated by activities linked to the envelope of the building





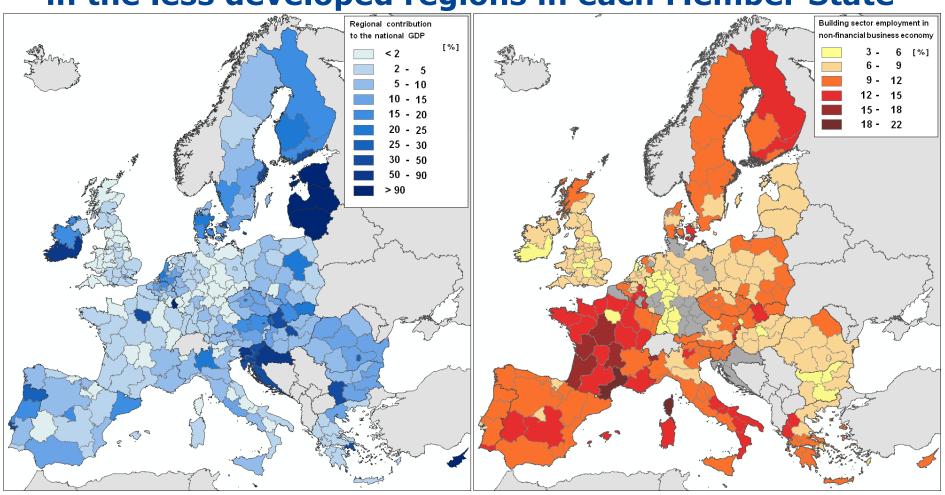
Specialised construction activities that include renovation work and energy retrofits are the stabiliser of the building sector





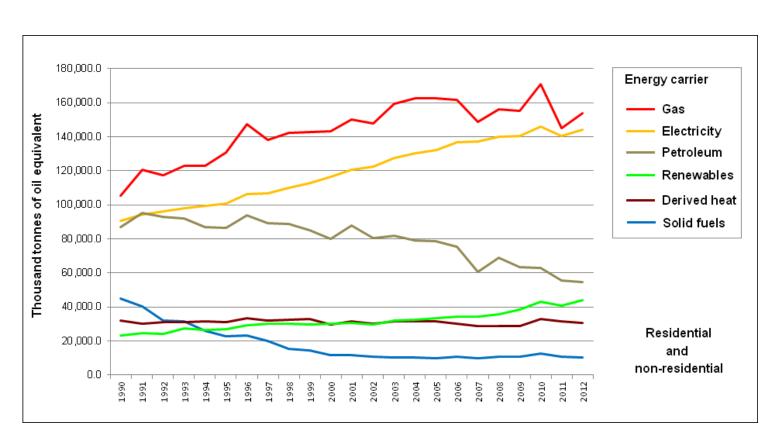


The building sector employs more people in the less developed regions in each Member State



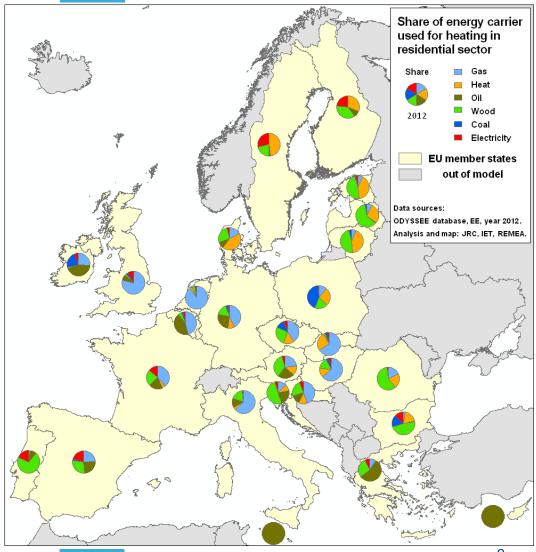


Final energy consumption of the building stock increased by 14% between 1990 and 2012



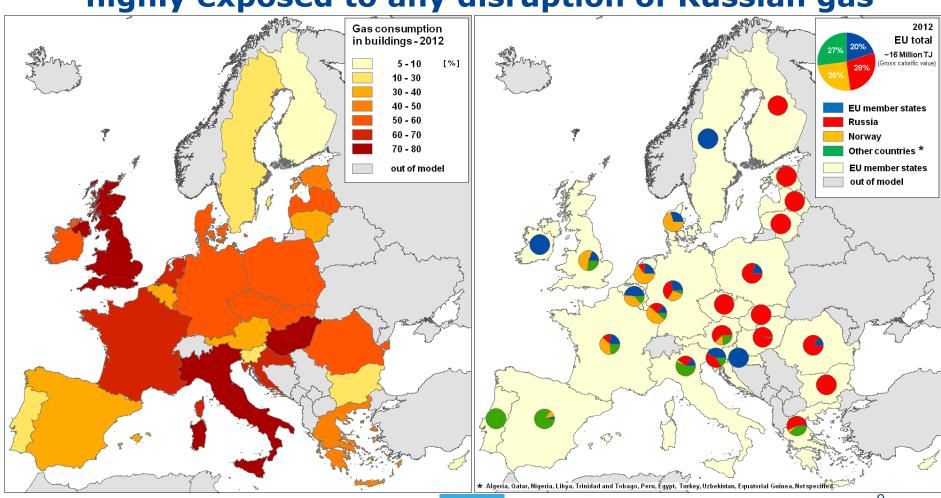


At the EU level, gas is the main energy carrier used for heating





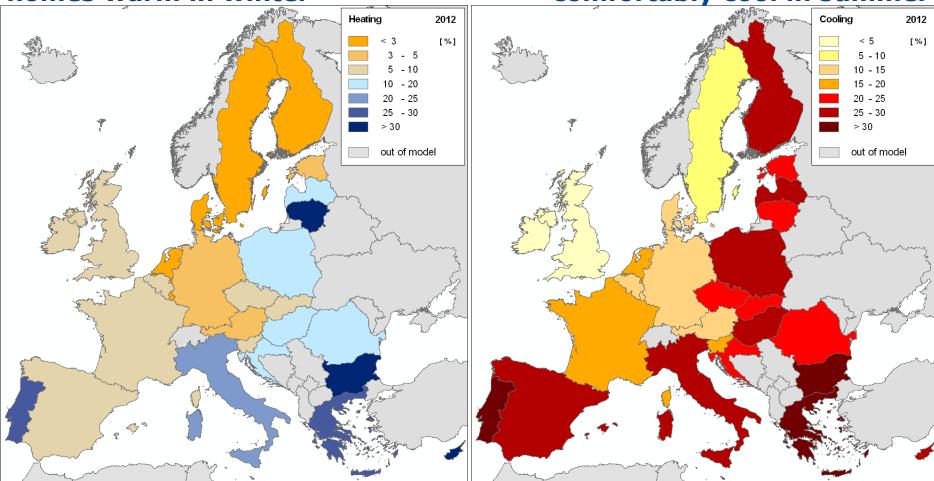
Heating buildings in Eastern and Baltic MSs is highly exposed to any disruption of Russian gas





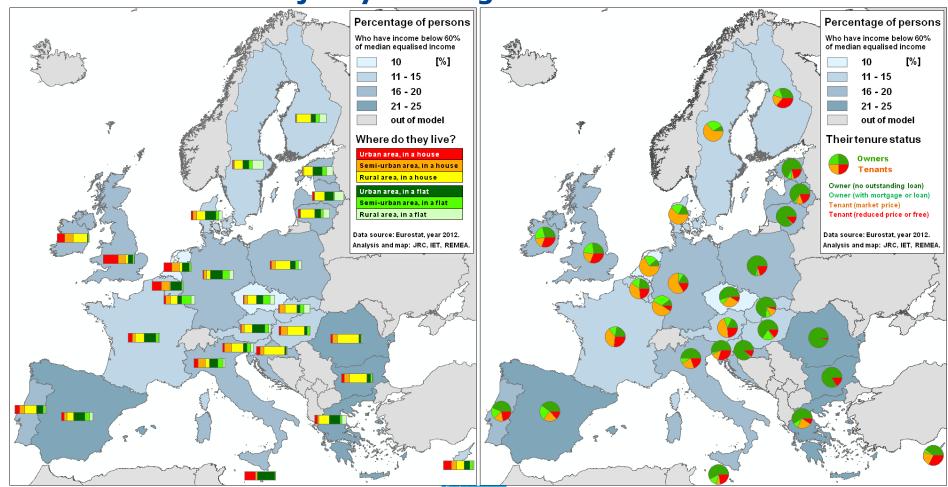
11% of the EU population were unable to keep their homes warm in winter

19% of the EU population were living in dwellings not comfortably cool in summer





MSs with per capita GDPs below the EU average have the highest share of low-income population as owner-occupiers and their majority is living in houses in rural areas





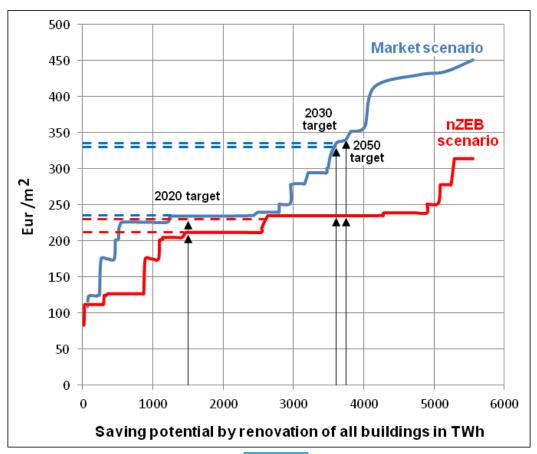
The road to phasing out inefficient buildings is bumpy

- Utility data are locked.
- Energy renovation costs are not transparent.
- Accreditation of energy renovation companies is scarce
- Market actors are fragmented and building clusters of companies is not obvious.
- 70% of the EU population is owner-occupier but bundling projects is still not a common practice
- Deepness of the renovation is undefined which doesn't push for technological innovation.
- Post monitoring and evaluation is not always a requirement of financing energy renovation.



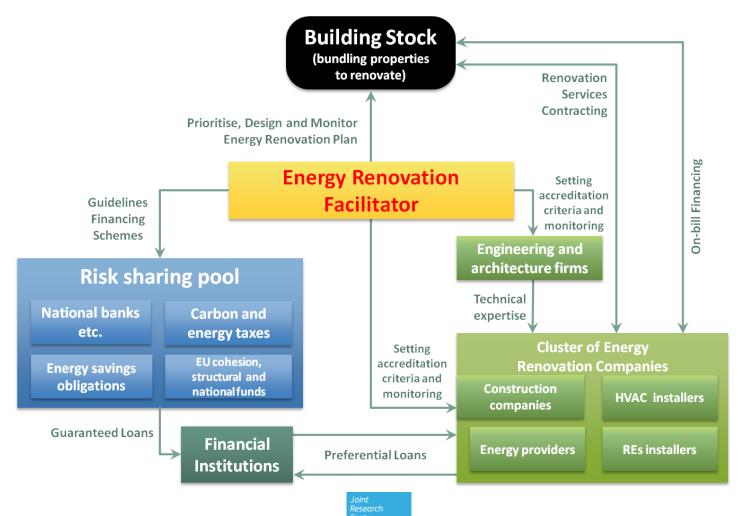


A blueprint to phasing out inefficient buildings considering that energy renovation cost should be lower than 25% of the value of the home



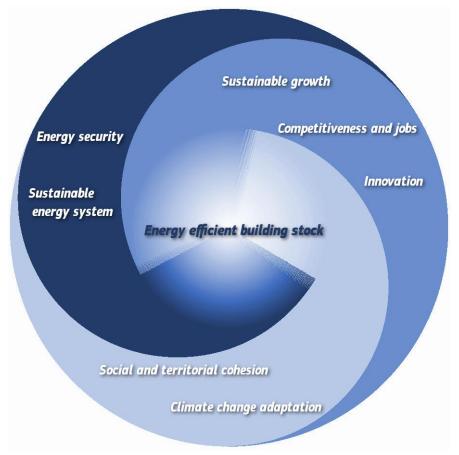


An EU Energy Renovation plan requires a new governance Report proposes an Energy Renovation Facilitator & a Risk Sharing Pool





The EU Energy renovation plan requires combining existing EU 2020 policy frameworks





Thank you for your attention

The report online:

<u>http://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/publication/energy-renovation-trump-card-new-start-europe</u>

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